Séminaire de recherche
Actualités des méthodes et terrains au Proche-Orient

Thématique 2017-2018
Frontières, marges et aires culturelles

Archéorient
Environnements et sociétés de l'Orient ancien

Du Paléolithique à l'époque contemporaine. Permanences et différences dans les frontières au Proche-Orient

Olivier AURENCHE

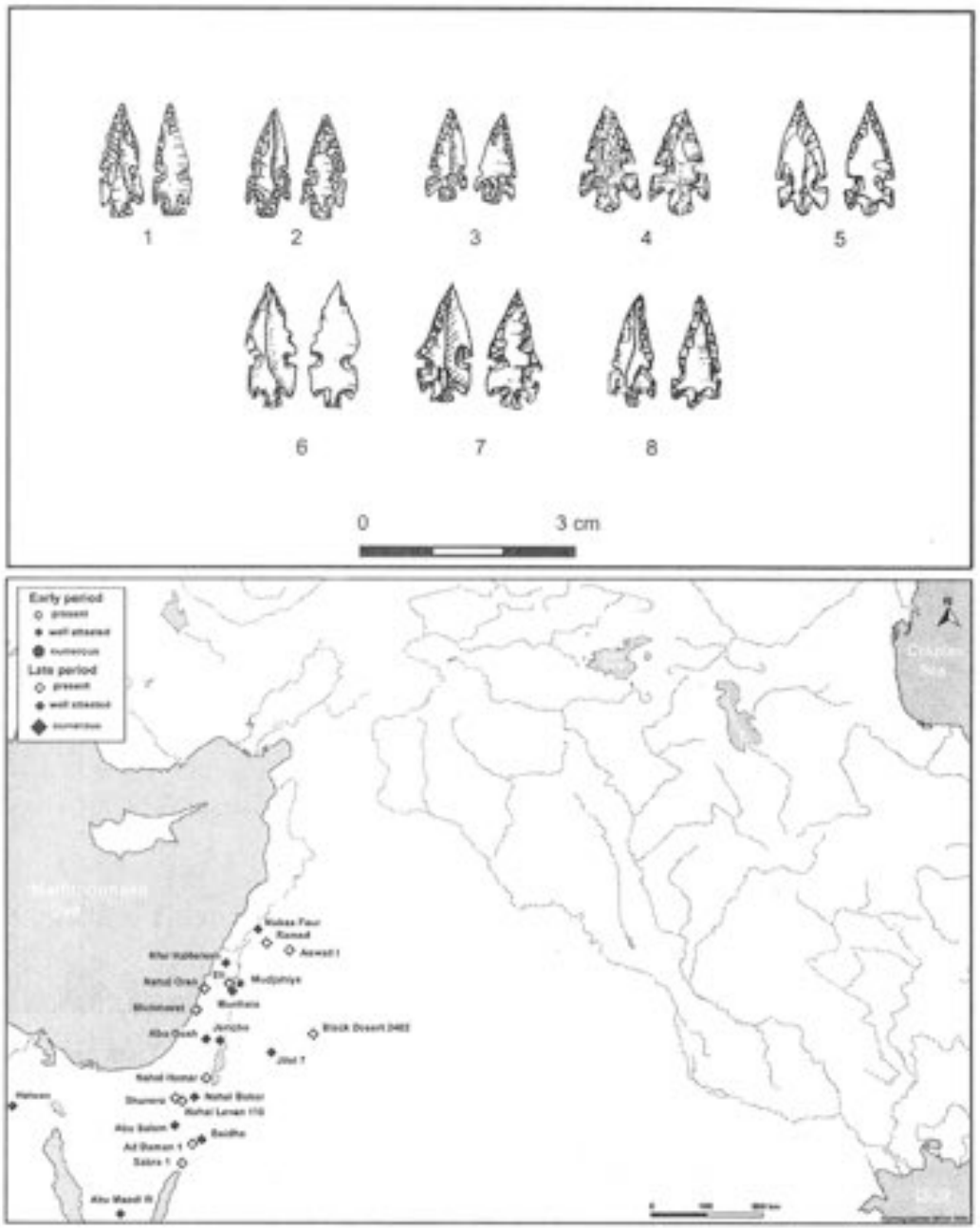


Fig. 14.2 Abu Salem points. Southern variant of the Helwan points. Date: end of the ninth and eighth millennium cal. BC. Geographical distribution: central and southern Levant, also in northern Egypt. Remarks: common; of regional significance, correlation with Jericho points, Yarmukian

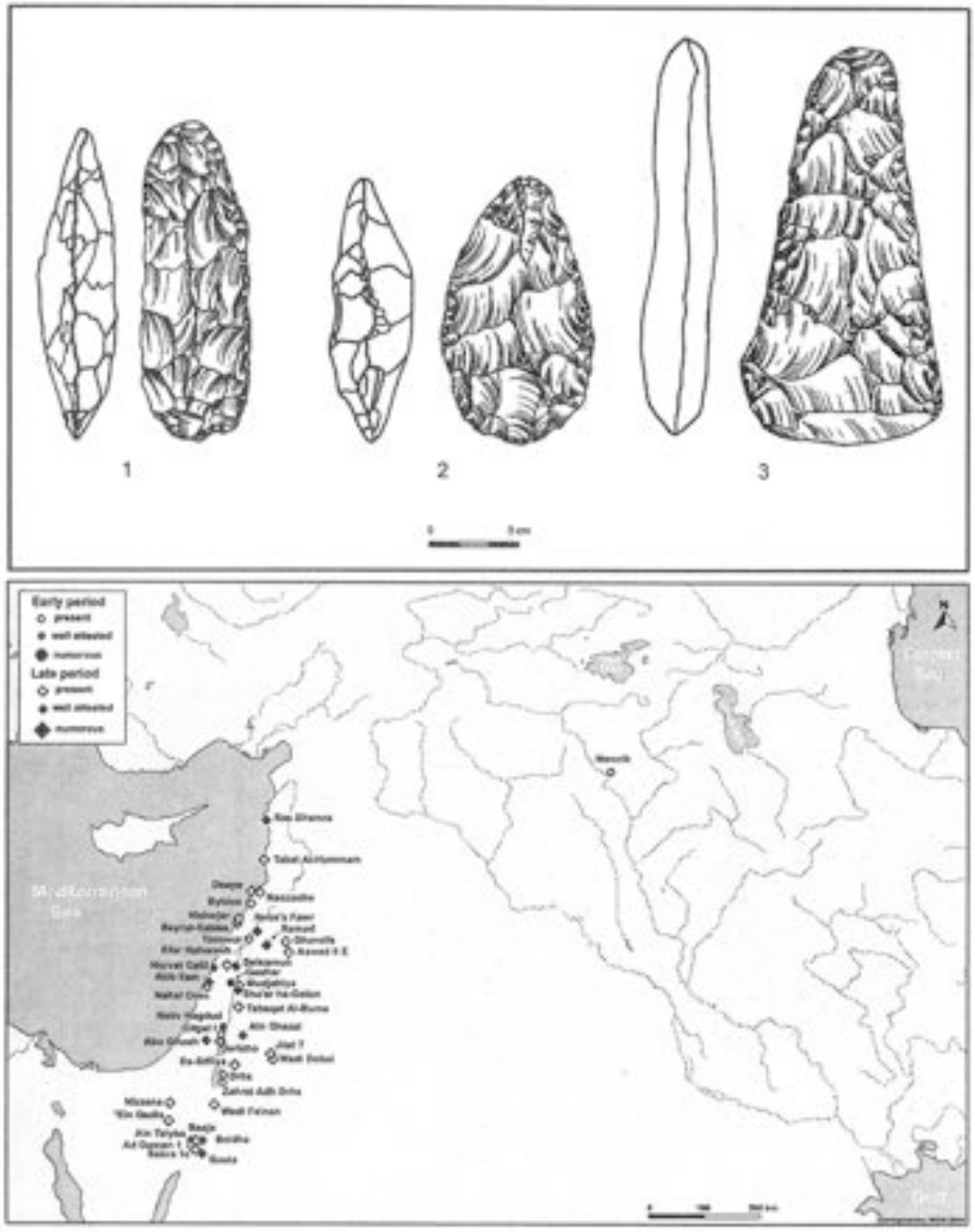


Fig. 14.4 Tahounian axes. Type described by J. Crowfoot-Payne. Date: Tenth and ninth (Jericho A, Gesher), eighth (Basta, Aswad) and seventh millennium cal. BC (Sha'ar ha-Golan, Neba'a Fawr). Geographical distribution: central and southern Levant. Remarks: common; of regional significance, correlation with Abu Salem points, Jericho points, Yarmukian sickles, Beit Taamir knives and bell-shaped pestles. *Top*: 1 – Jericho; 2 – Ramad; 3 – Beisamoun. *Bottom*: geographical distribution

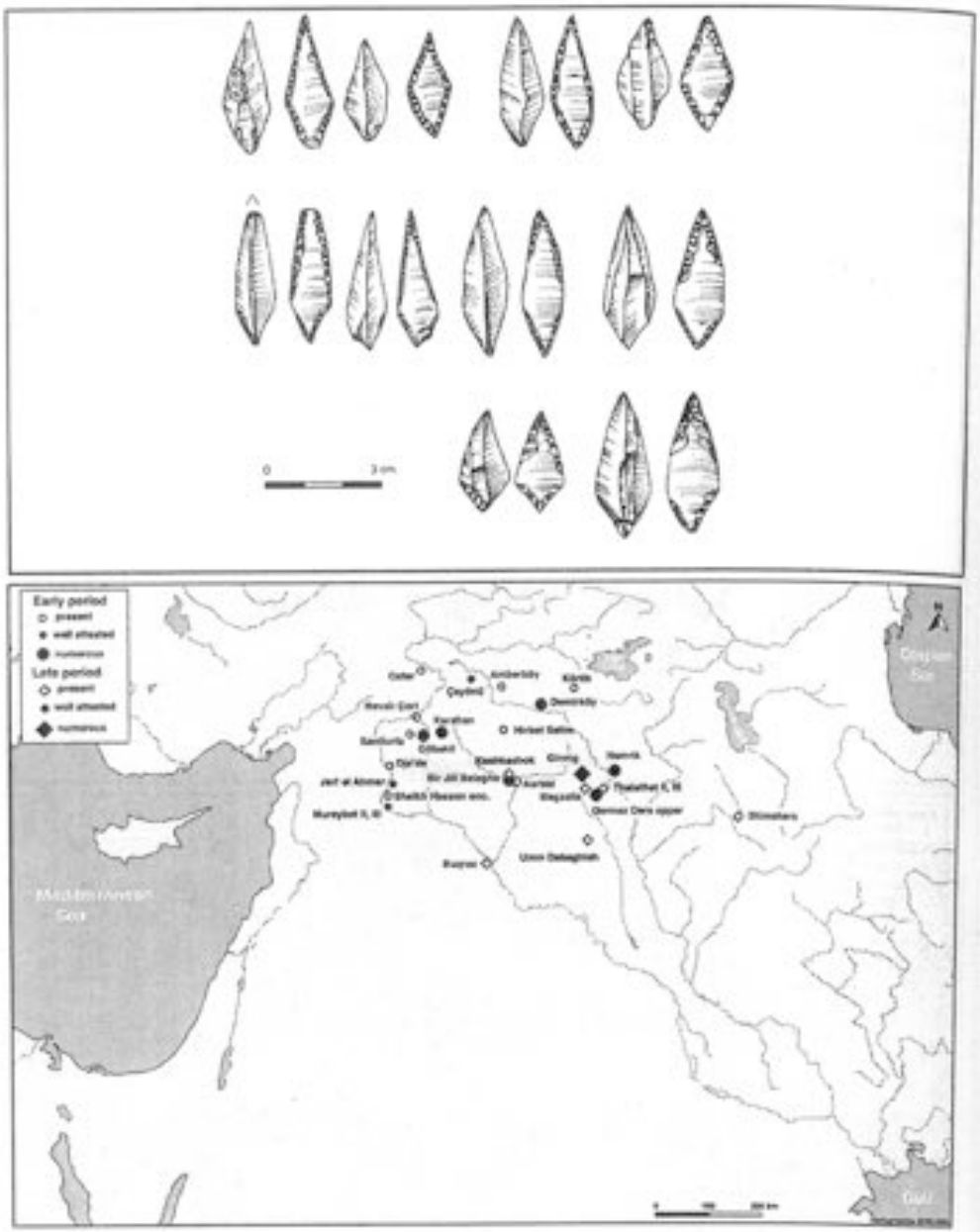


Fig. 14.3 Nemrik and related points. Type described by S. Kozlowski. Date: Tenth and ninth millennium cal. BC and later (Shimshara, Thalalat). Geographical distribution: Jezirah, mostly east of Khabur. Remarks: common; of supra-regional significance with Demirköy points, triangular sickles, Çayönü tools, felines and bird of prey statuettes and mushroom-shaped tokens. *Top*: Nemrik. *Bottom*: geographical distribution

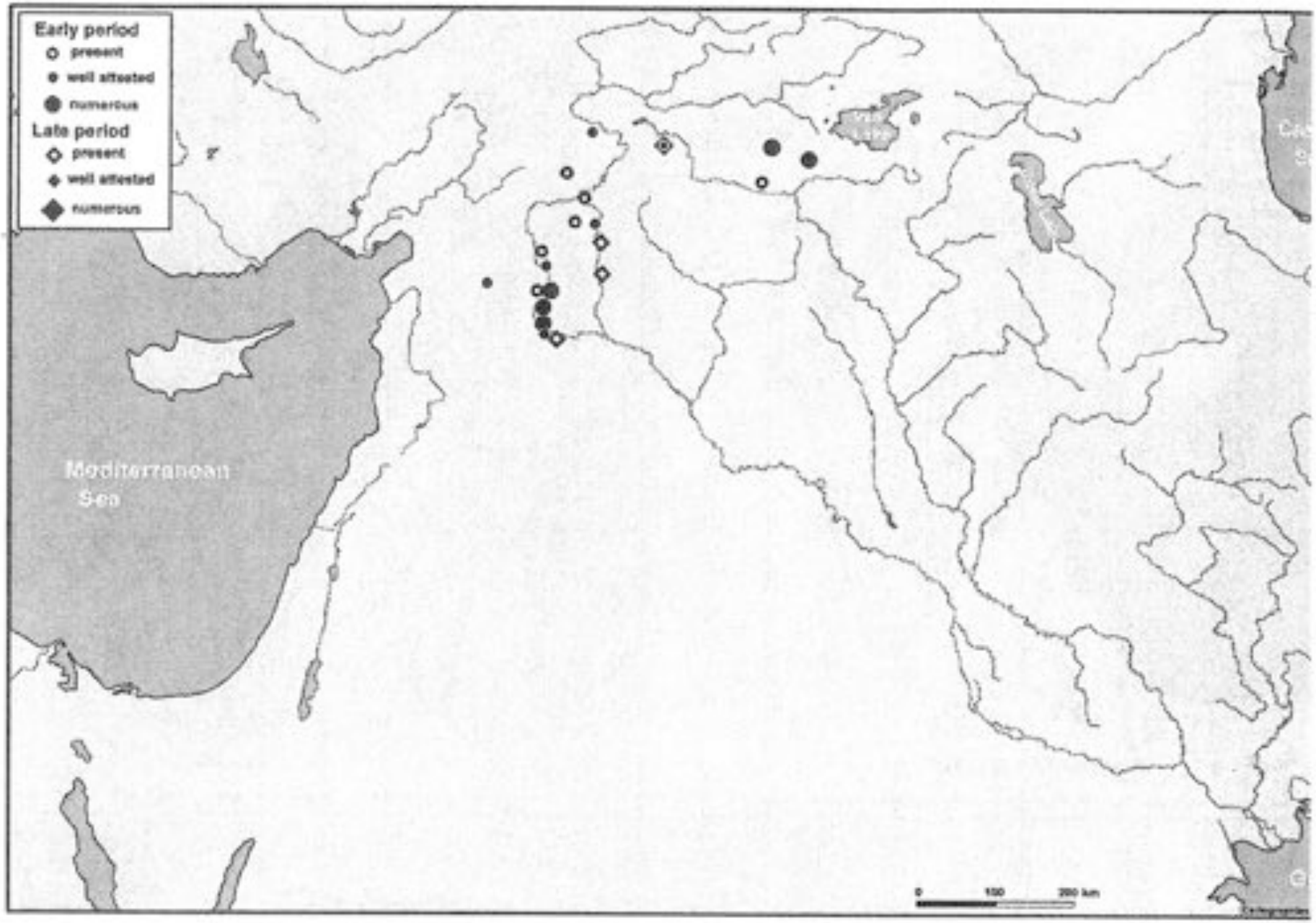


Fig. 14.8 Distribution of diagnostic material traits for the northern Levant

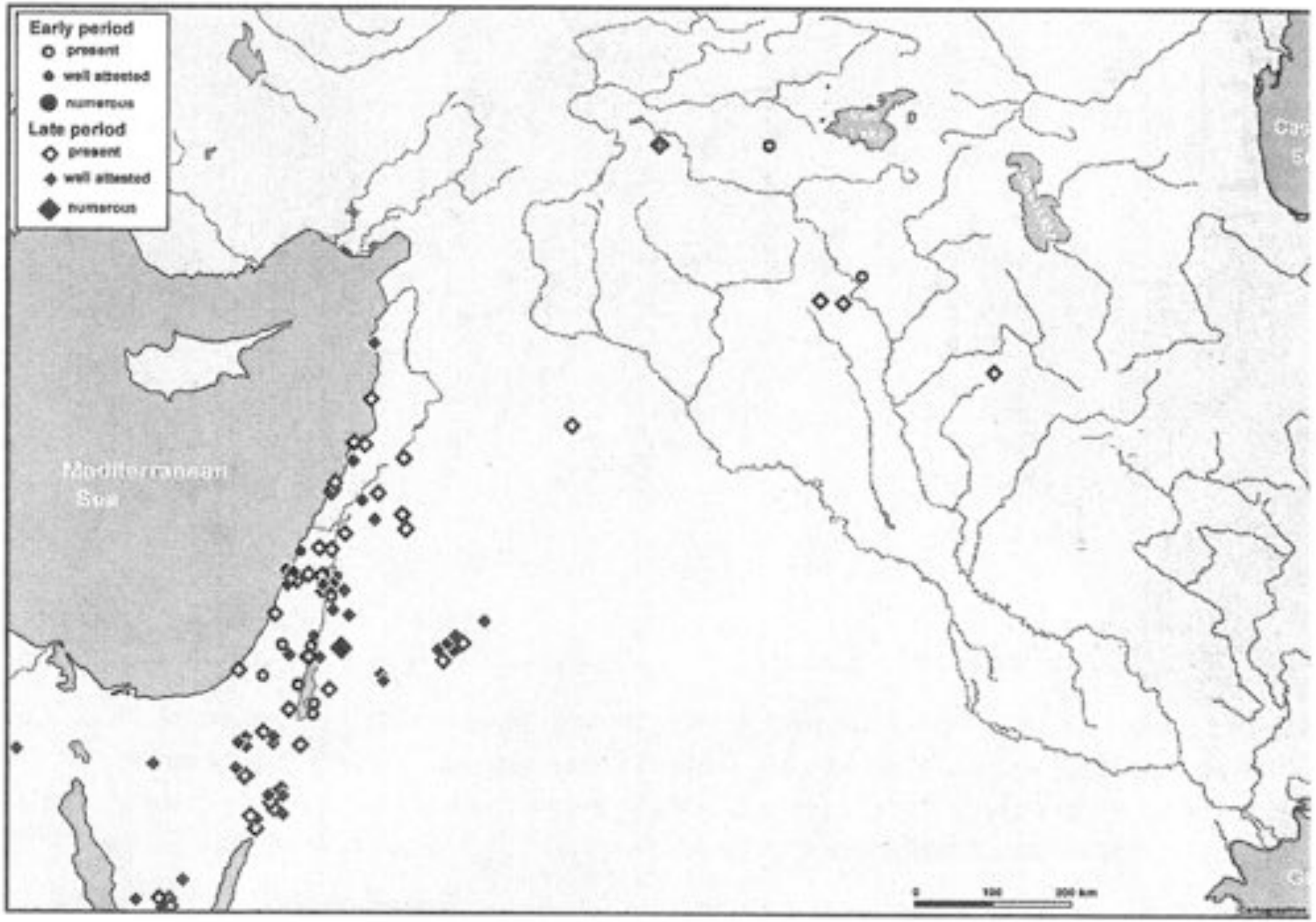


Fig. 14.9 Distribution of diagnostic material traits for the southern Levant

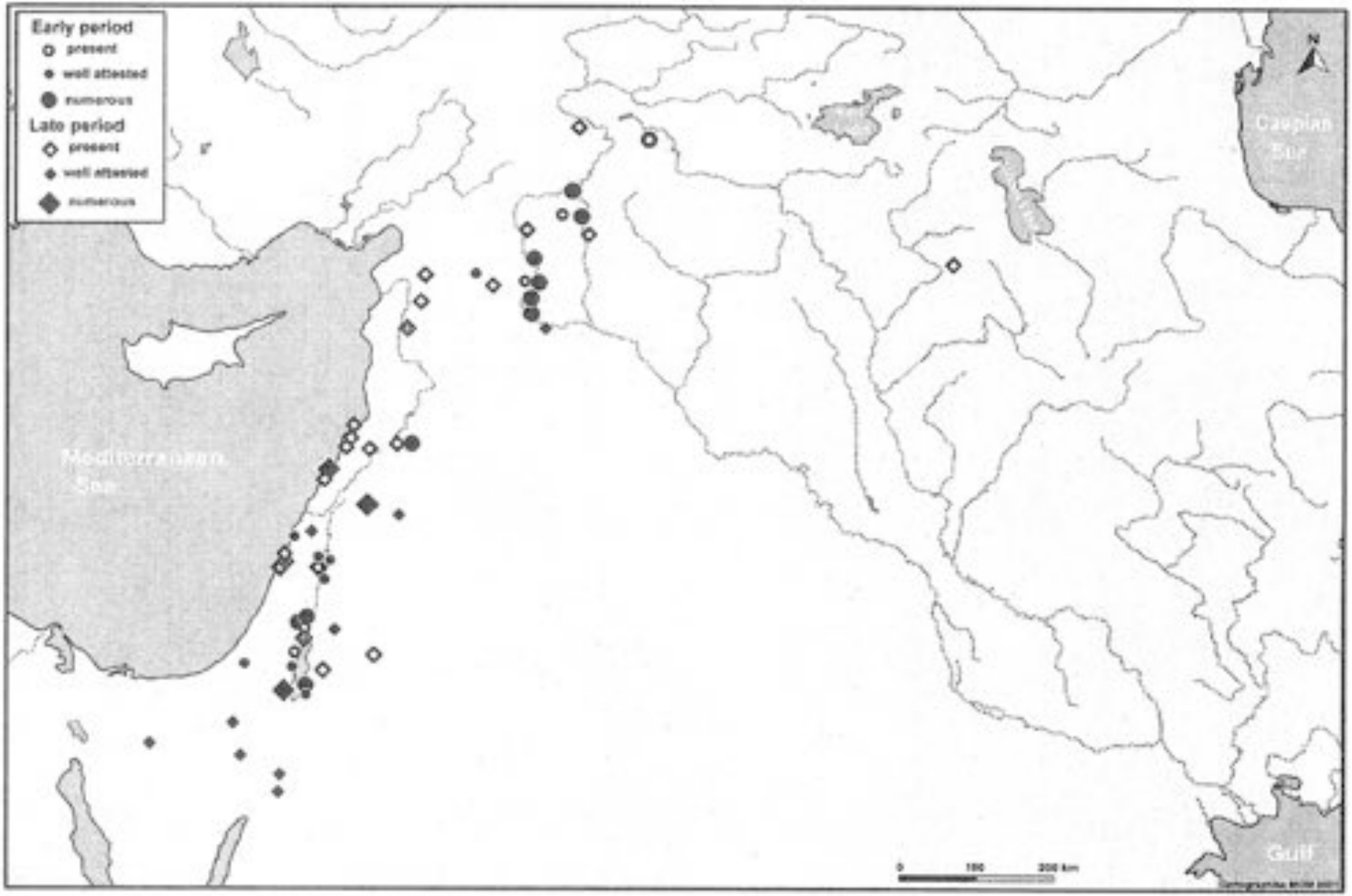


Fig. 14.6 Distribution of diagnostic material traits for the western wing of the Fertile Crescent

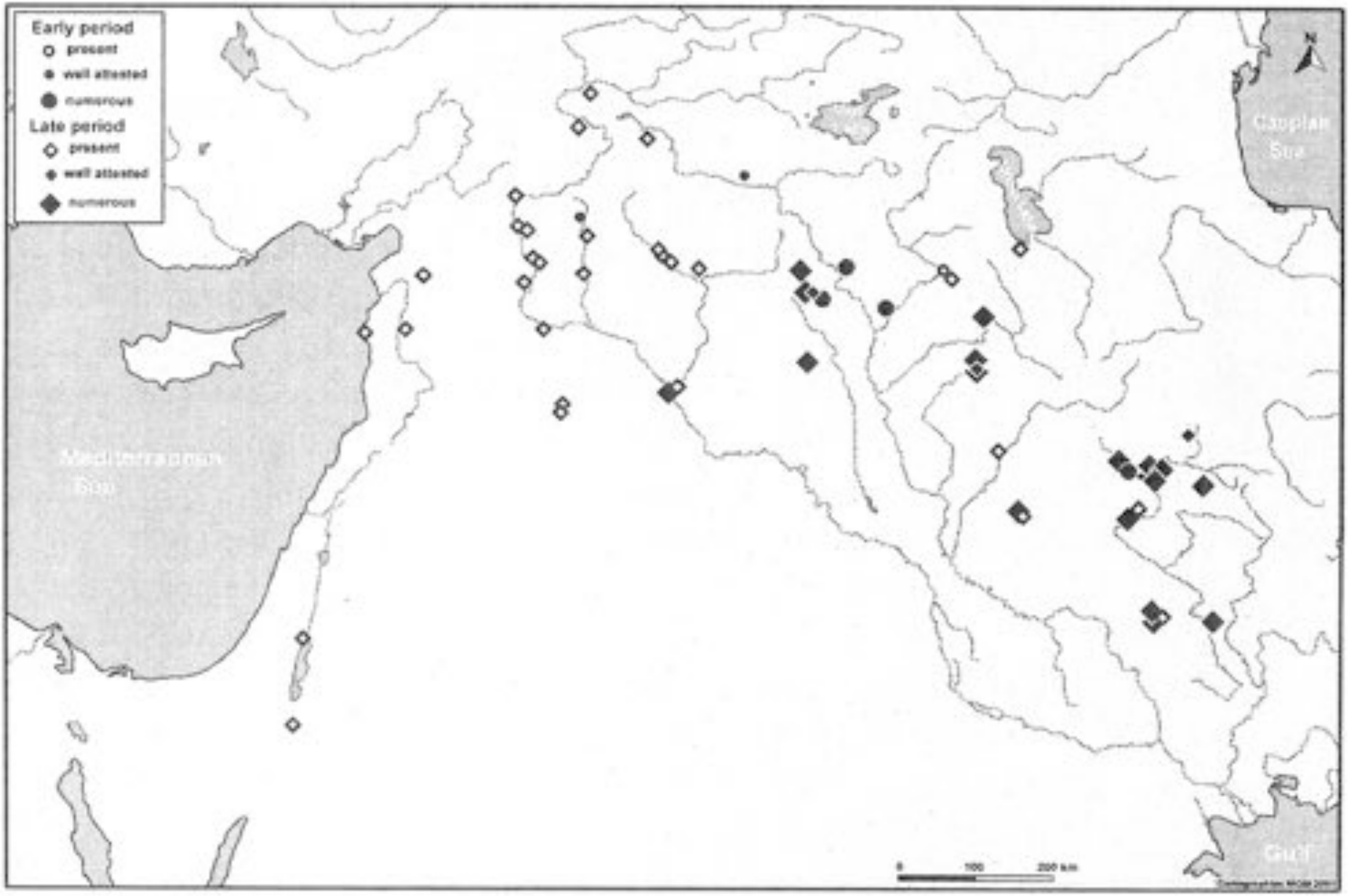


Fig. 14.7 Distribution of diagnostic material traits for the eastern wing of the Fertile Crescent

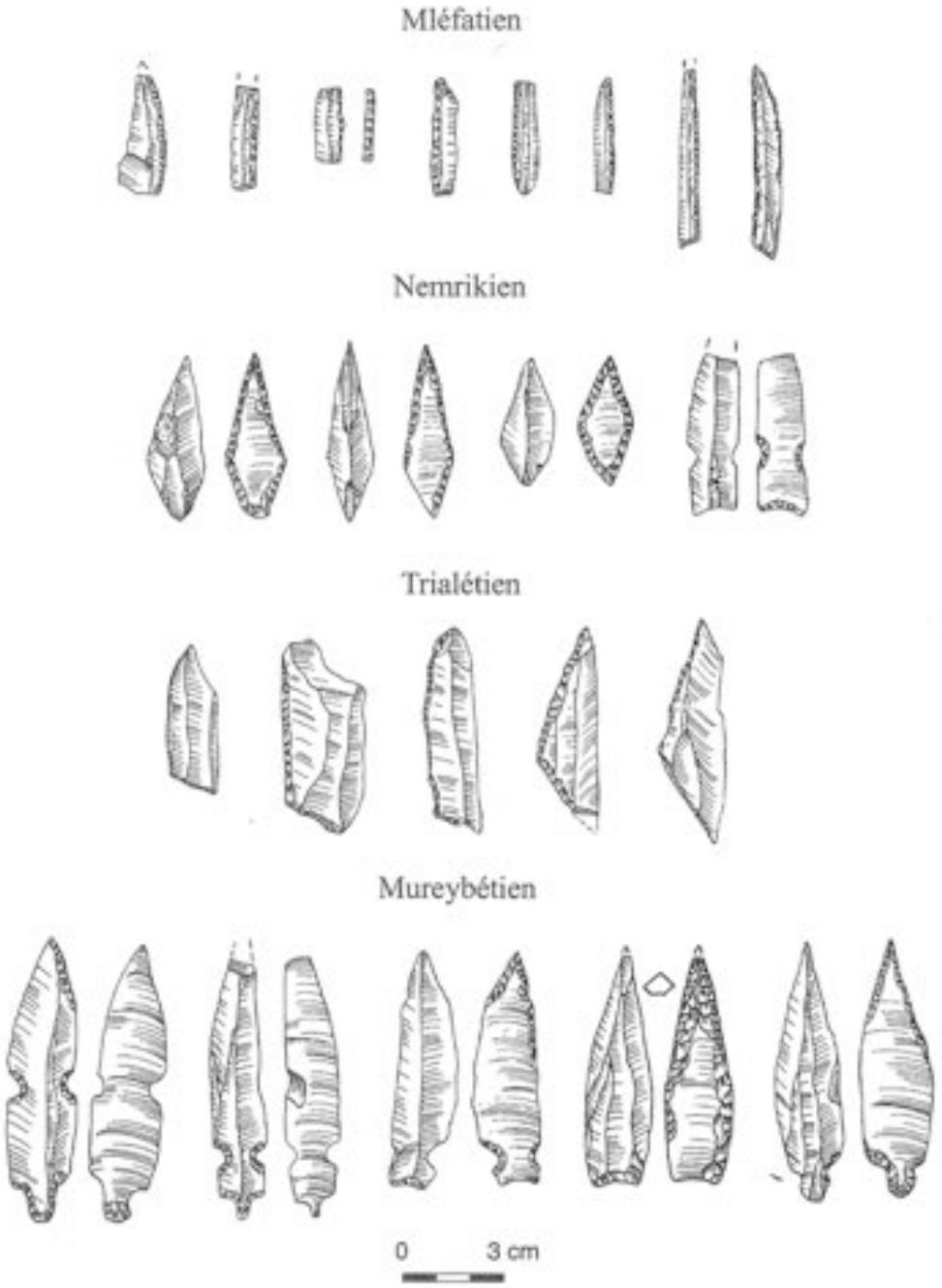


Fig. 3 - Éléments caractéristiques des industries lithiques.

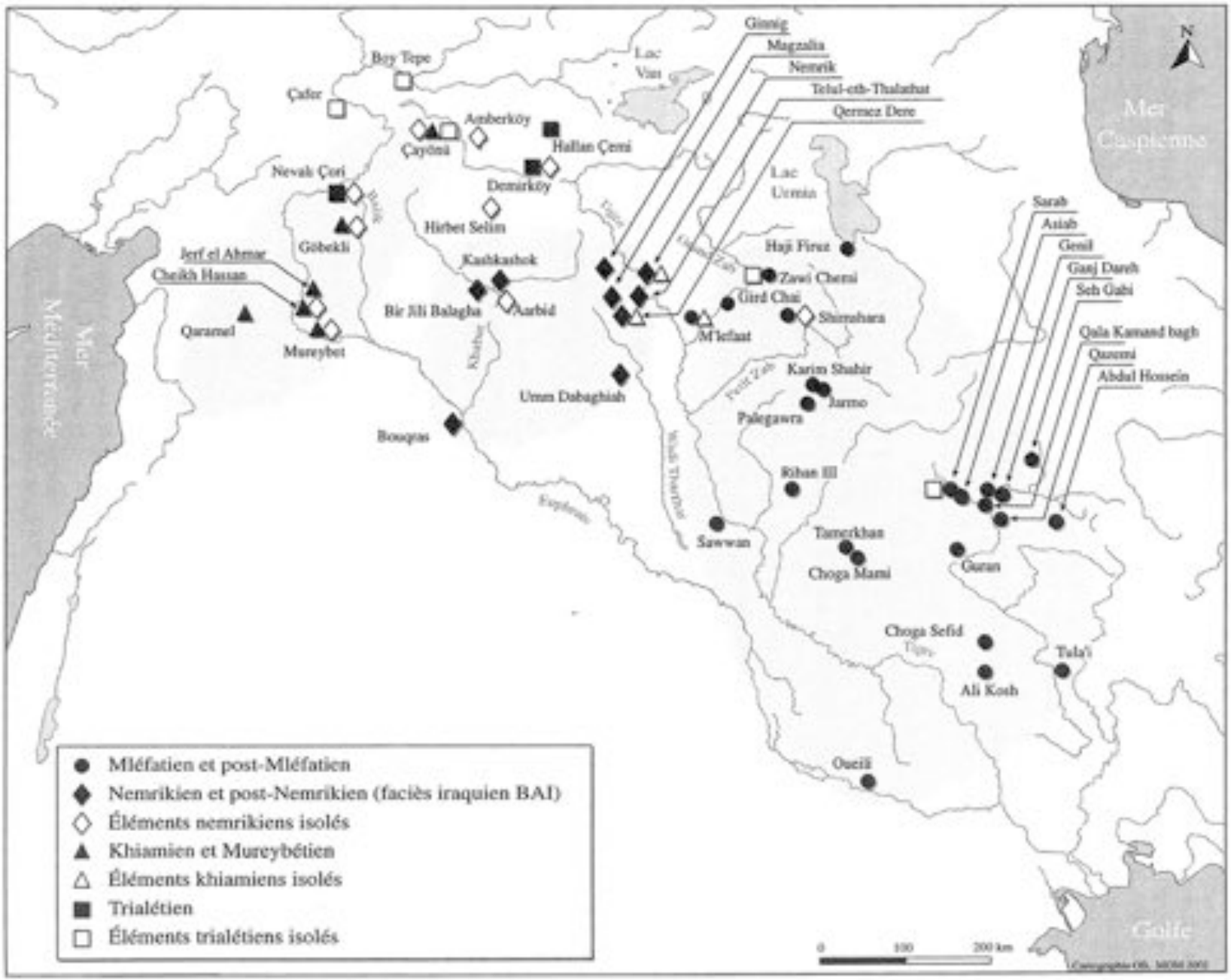


Fig. 1 - Répartition des traditions lithiques protonéolithiques et néolithiques dans le nord et l'est du Proche-Orient (9800-6000 av. J.-C.).

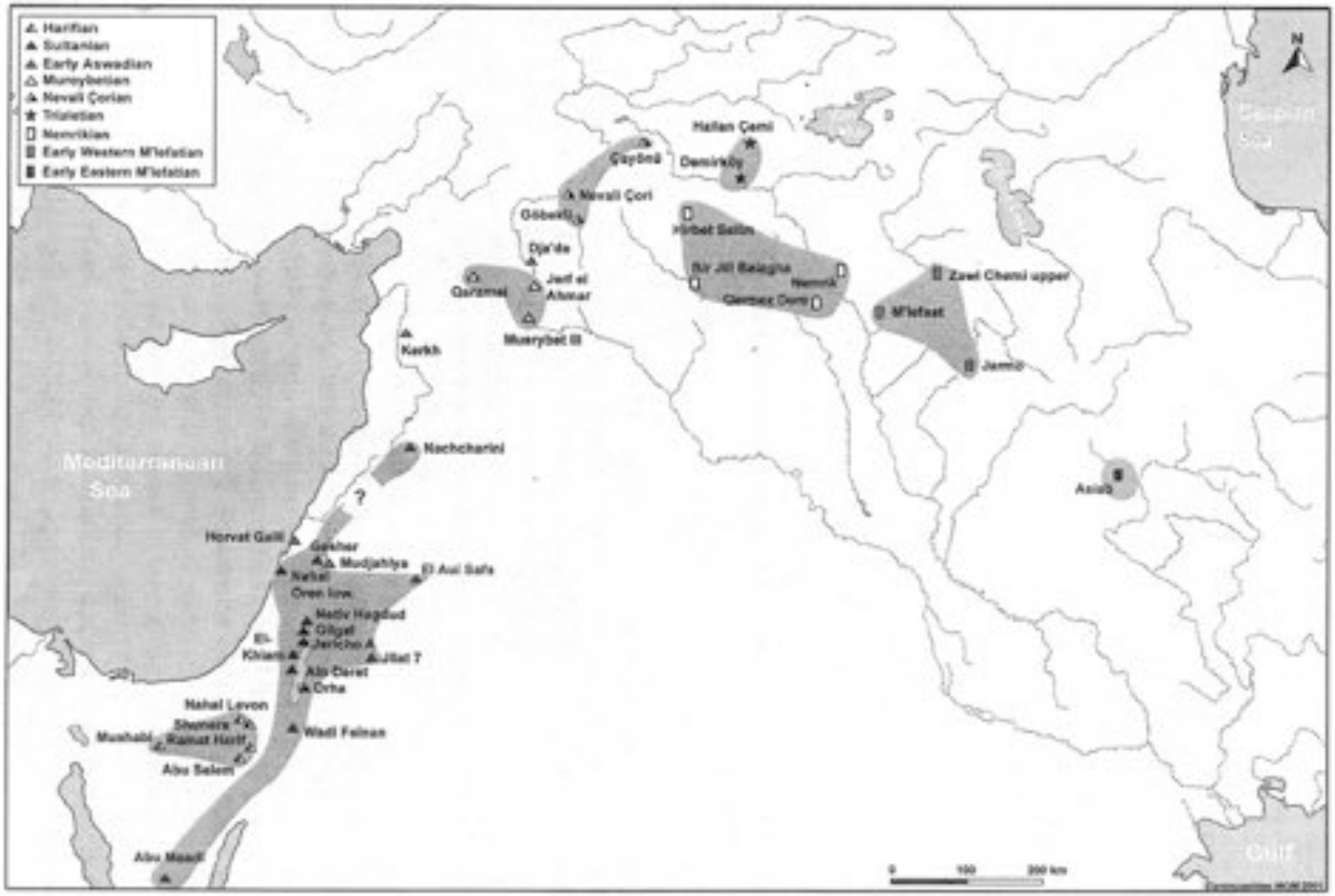


Fig. 14.11 Territories, borders and cultures in the Early Period (10500–8000 cal. BC)

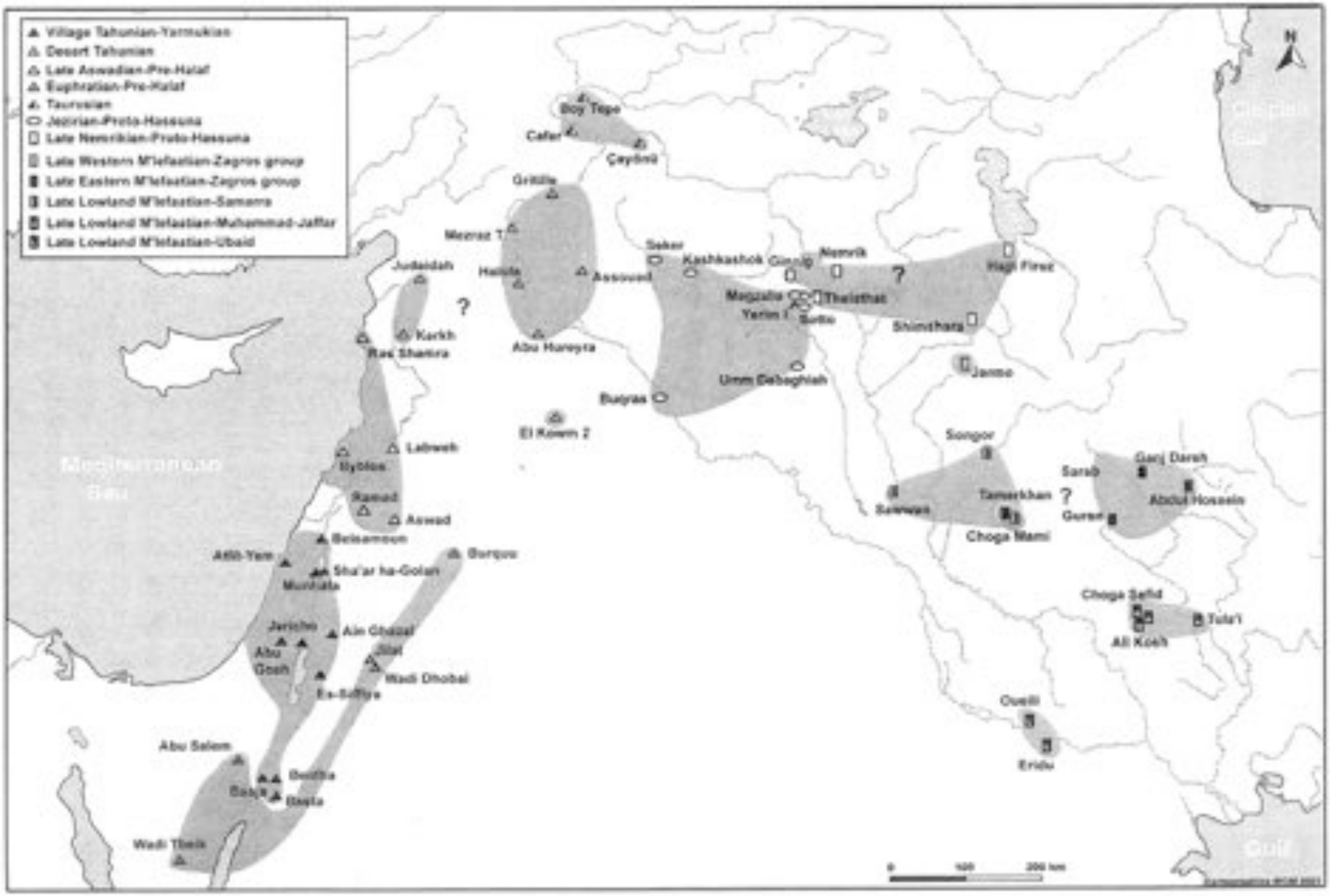


Fig. 14.12 Territories, borders and cultures in the Late Period (8300–6400 cal. BC)

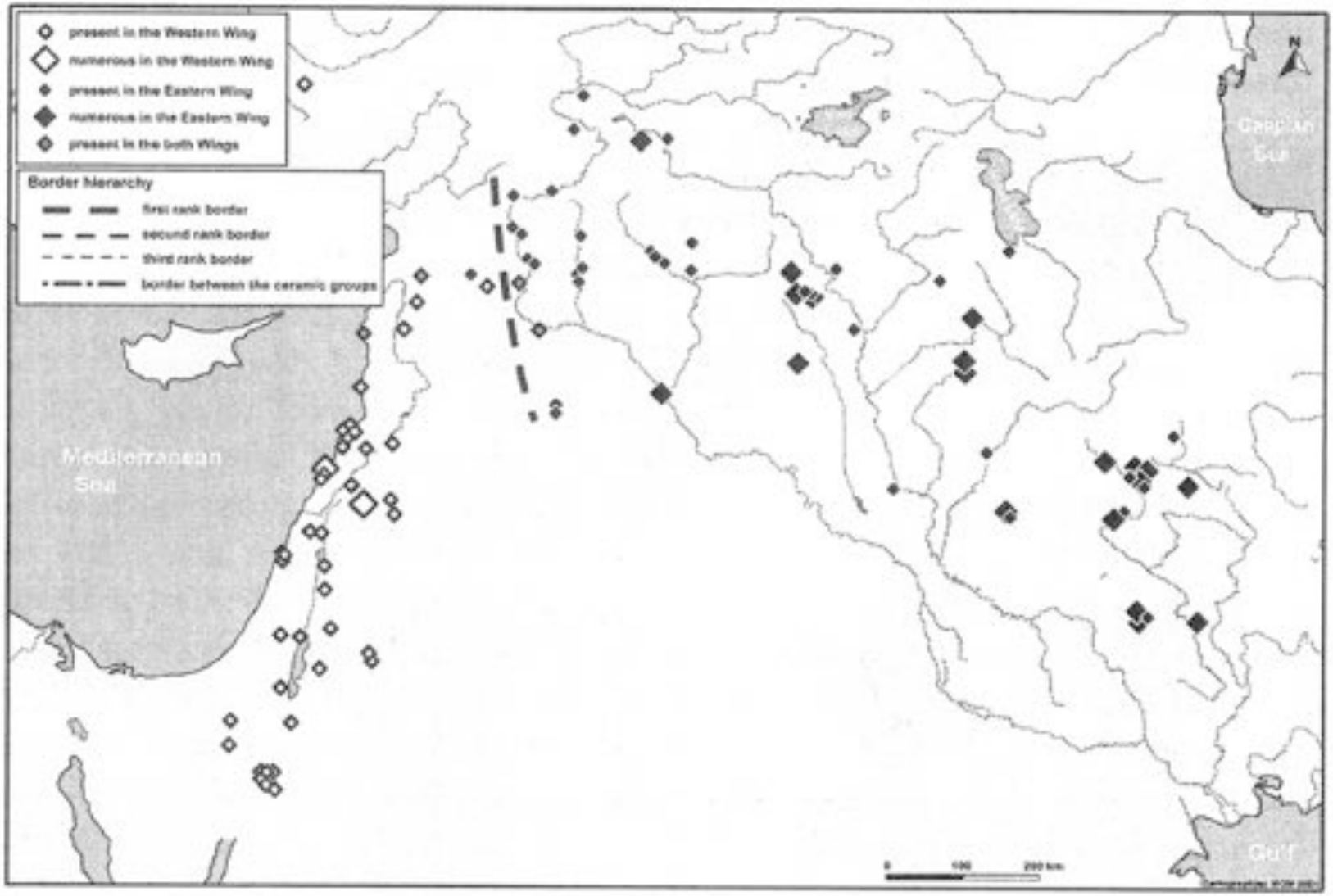


Fig. 14.10 Alternative main border between the western and eastern wings of the Fertile Crescent in the Late Period

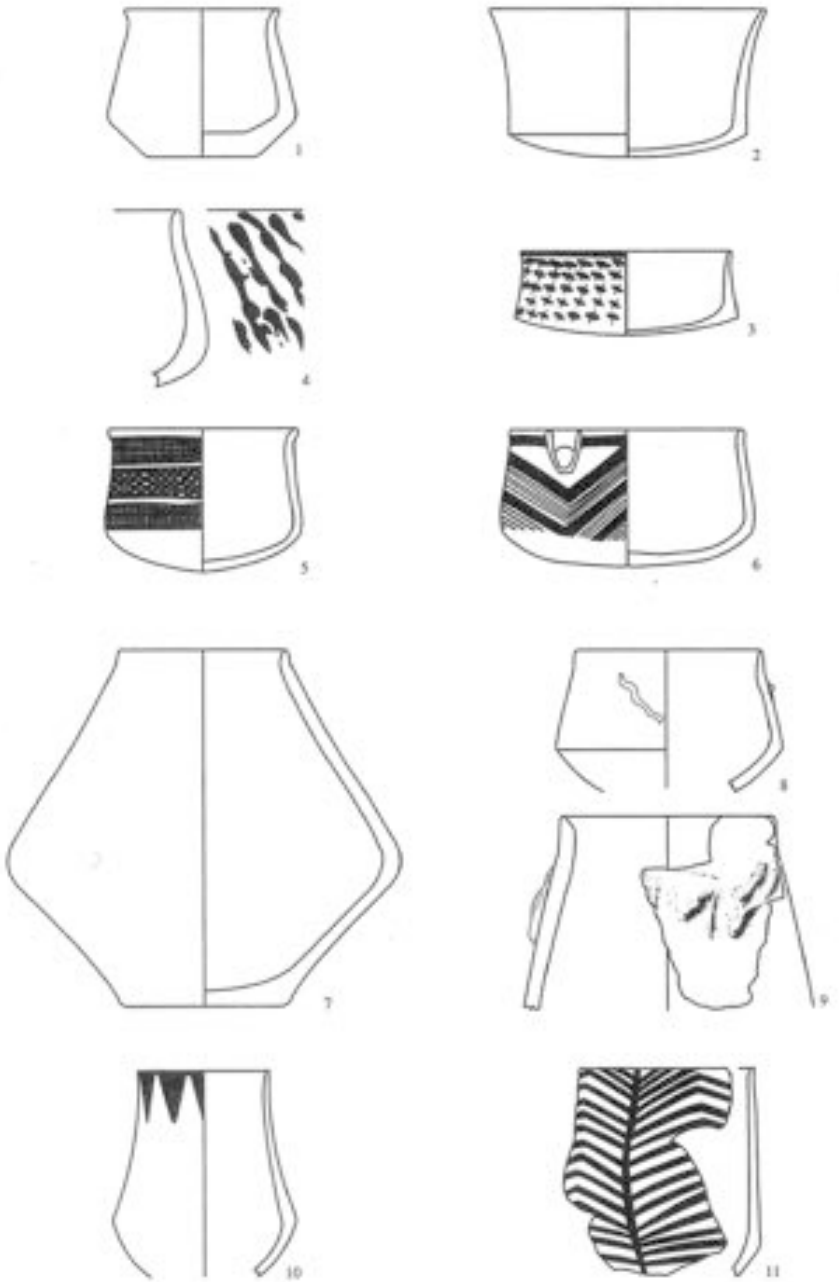


Fig. 4 - Éléments caractéristiques des groupes céramiques (1). n° 1-6 : groupe du Zagros ; n° 7-11 : groupe proto-Hassuna (groupe de Mésopotamie septentrionale). D'après Adams 1983 (n° 1, 4) ; Mortensen 1963 (n° 2) ; Mellaart 1975 (n° 3) ; Hole 1977 (n° 5-6) ; Bader 1989 (n° 7) ; Kirkbride 1972 (n° 8) ; Kirkbride 1973 (n° 9) ; Le Mière 1986 (n° 10-11) – échelles diverses.

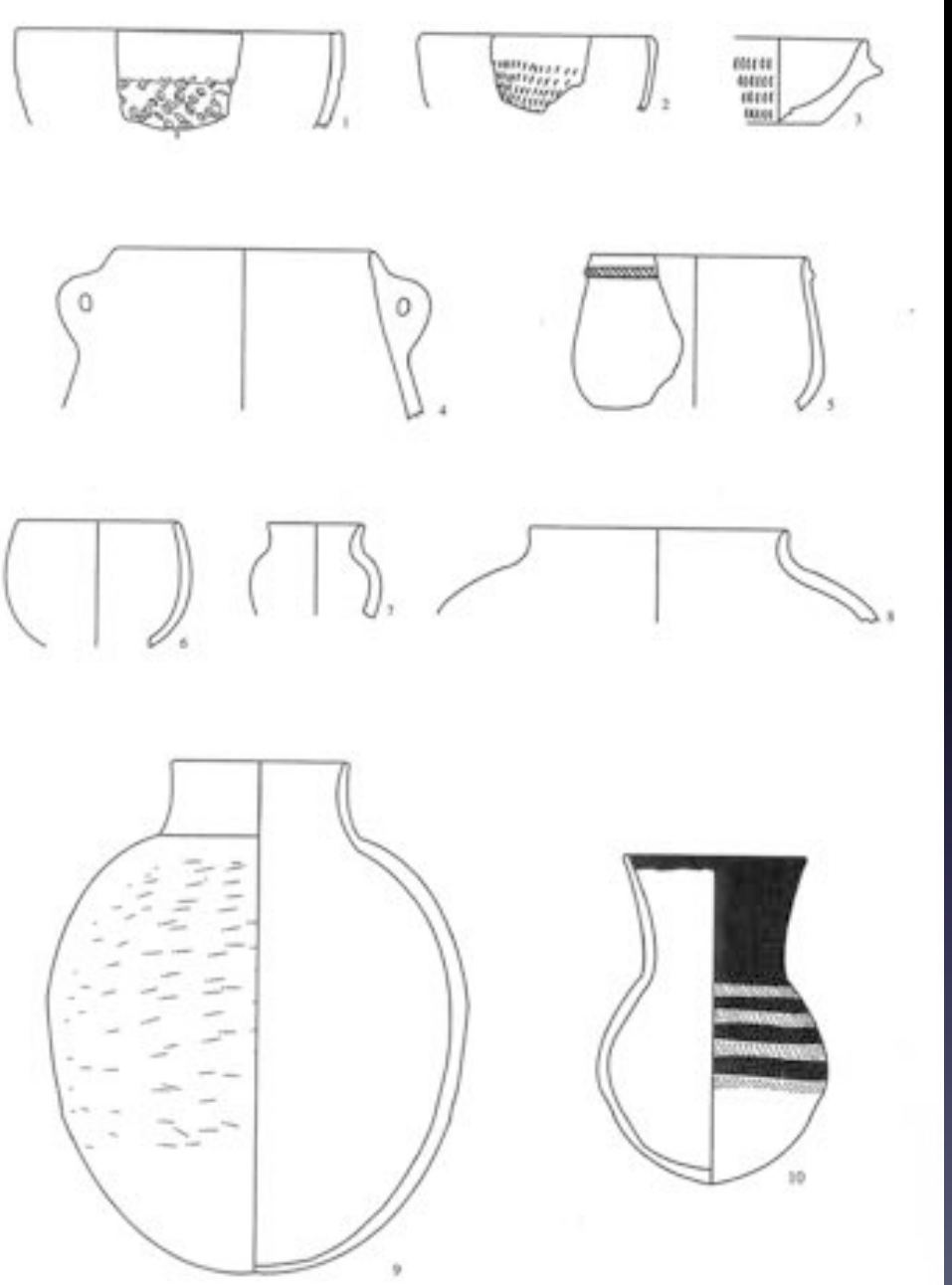


Fig. 5 - Éléments caractéristiques des groupes céramiques (2), n° 1-10 : groupe pré-Halaf (groupe de Syrie du Nord-Cilicie). D'après Tsuneki and Miyake 1996 (n° 1-2) ; Braidwood and Braidwood 1960 (n° 3) ; Faura et Le Mière 1999 (n° 4-5), Le Mière 2001 (n° 6-9), Le Mière and Nieuwenhuyse 1996 (n° 10) – échelles diverses.

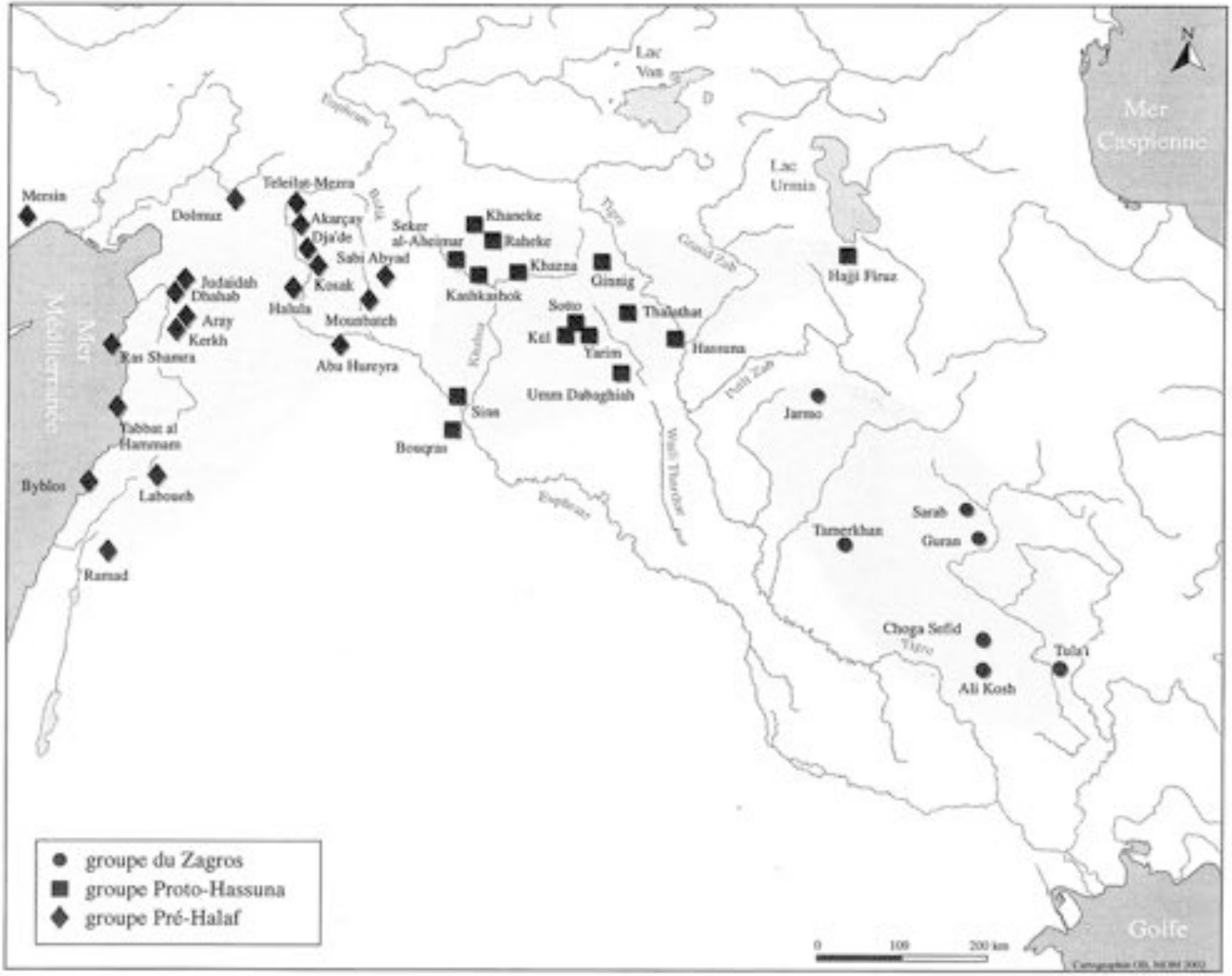
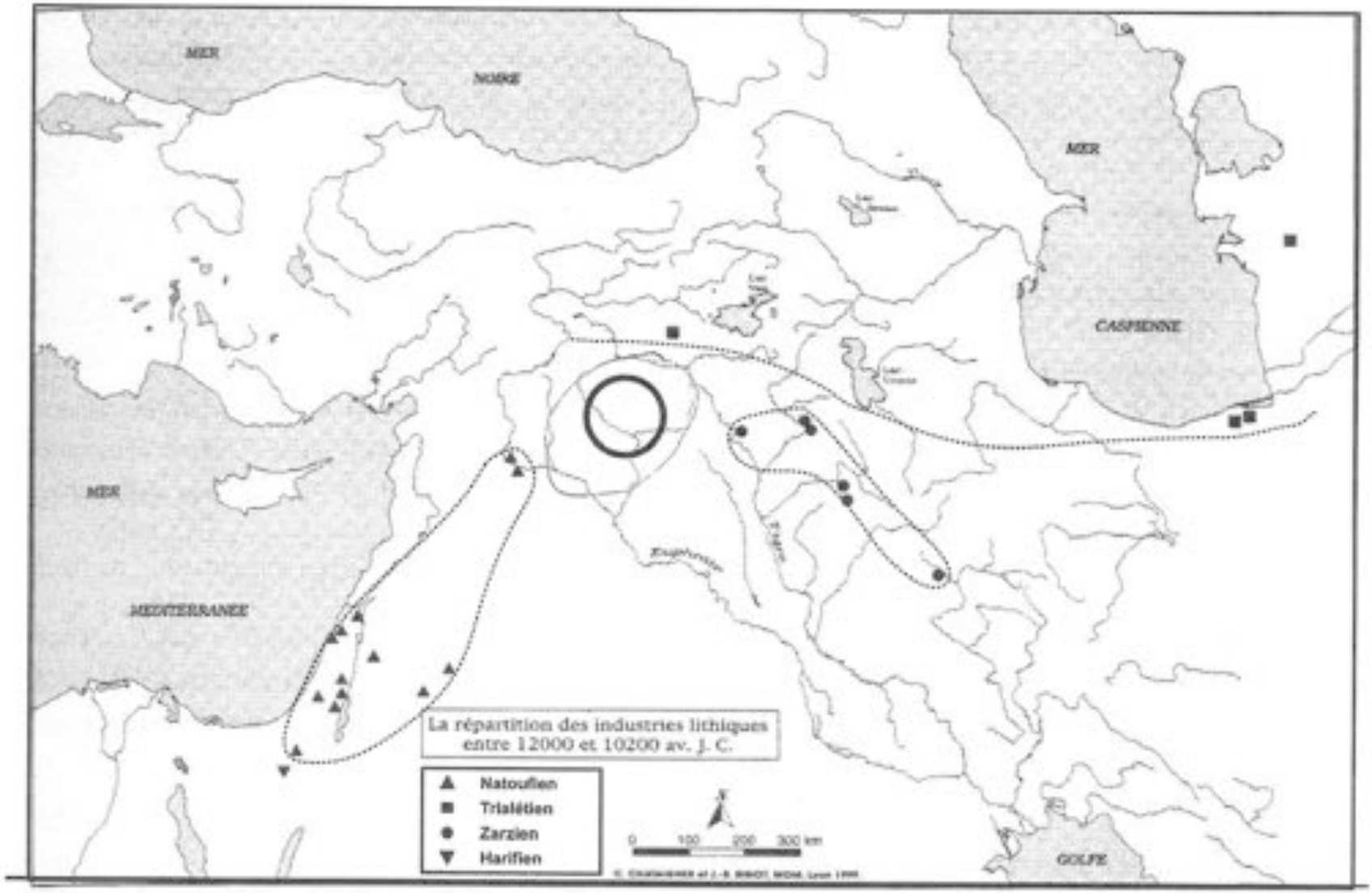
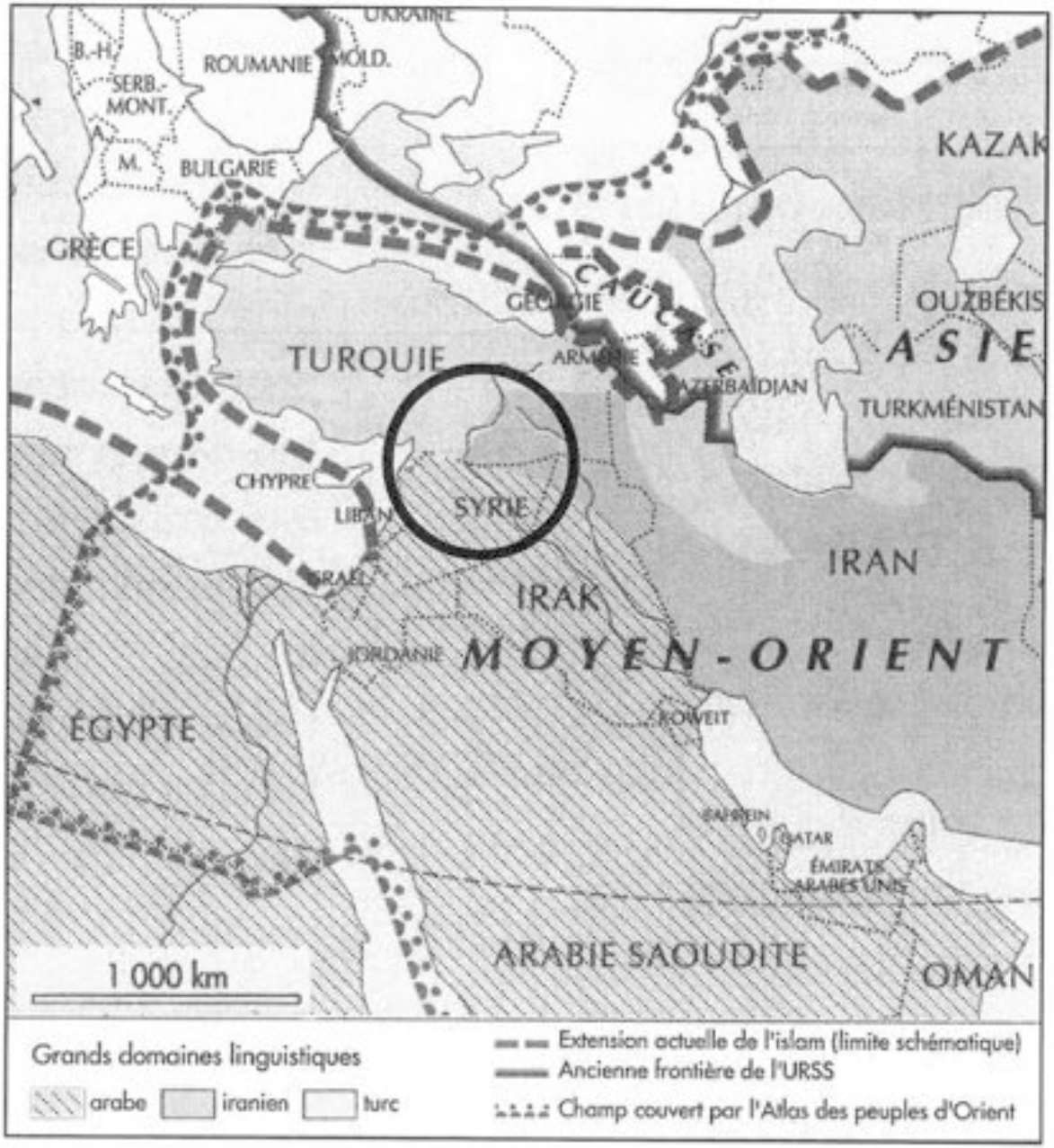


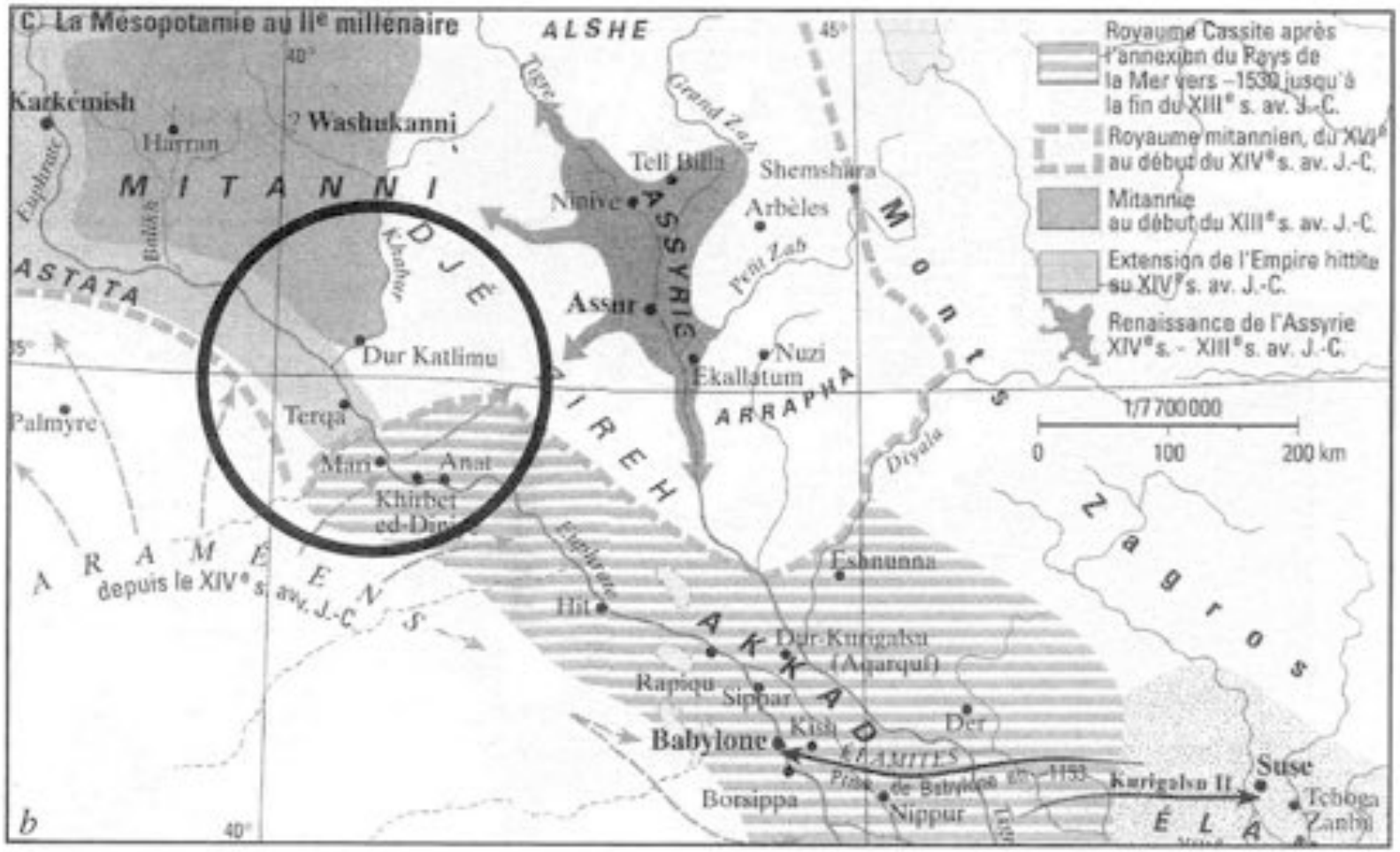
Fig. 2 - Répartition des groupes céramiques dans le nord et l'est du Proche-Orient (6900-6000 av. J.-C.).



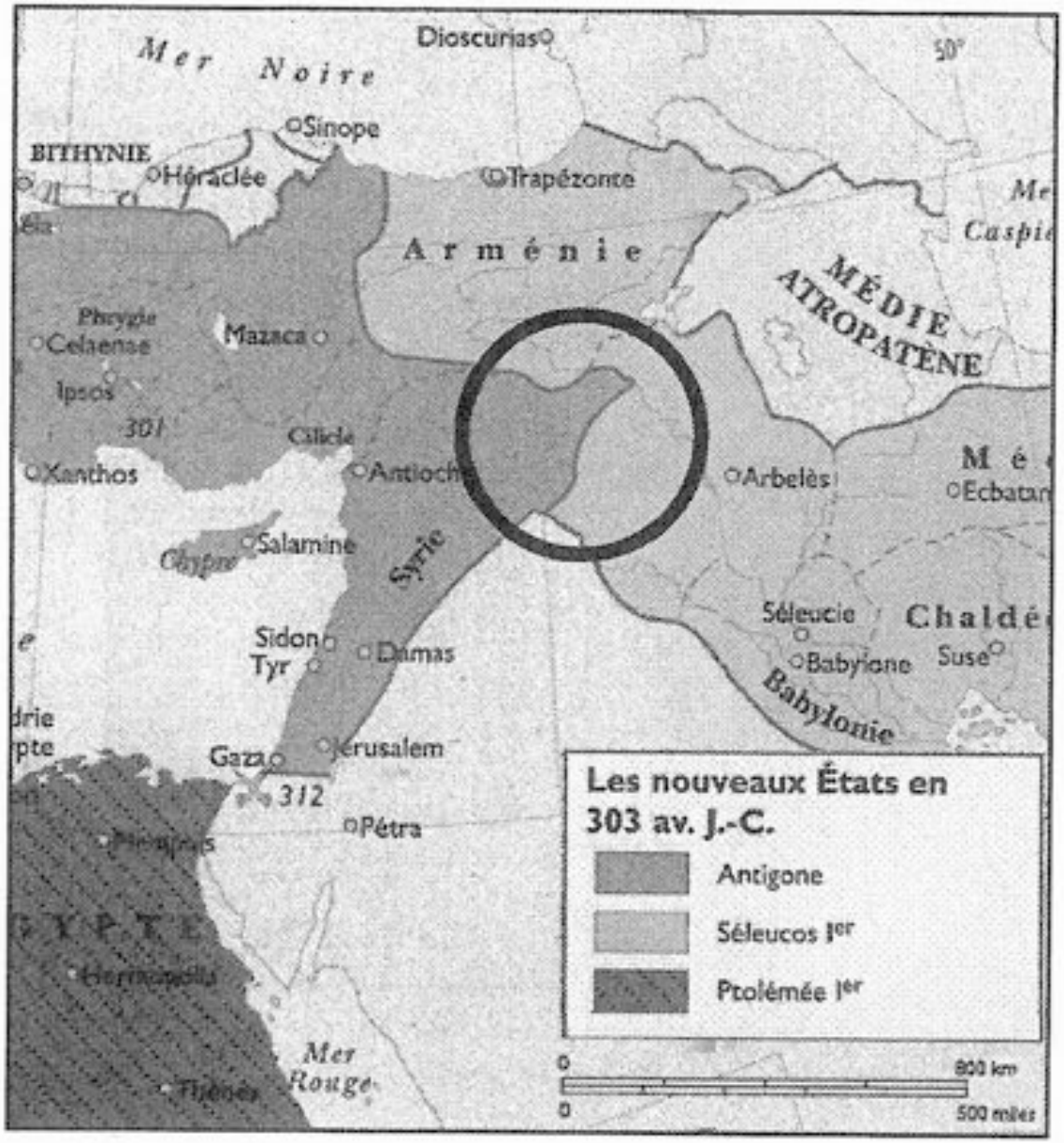
Map 0.29
The spatial repartition of the three main lithic traditions between 12 000 and 10 200 cal. B.C., after Aurenche and Kozlowski 1999.



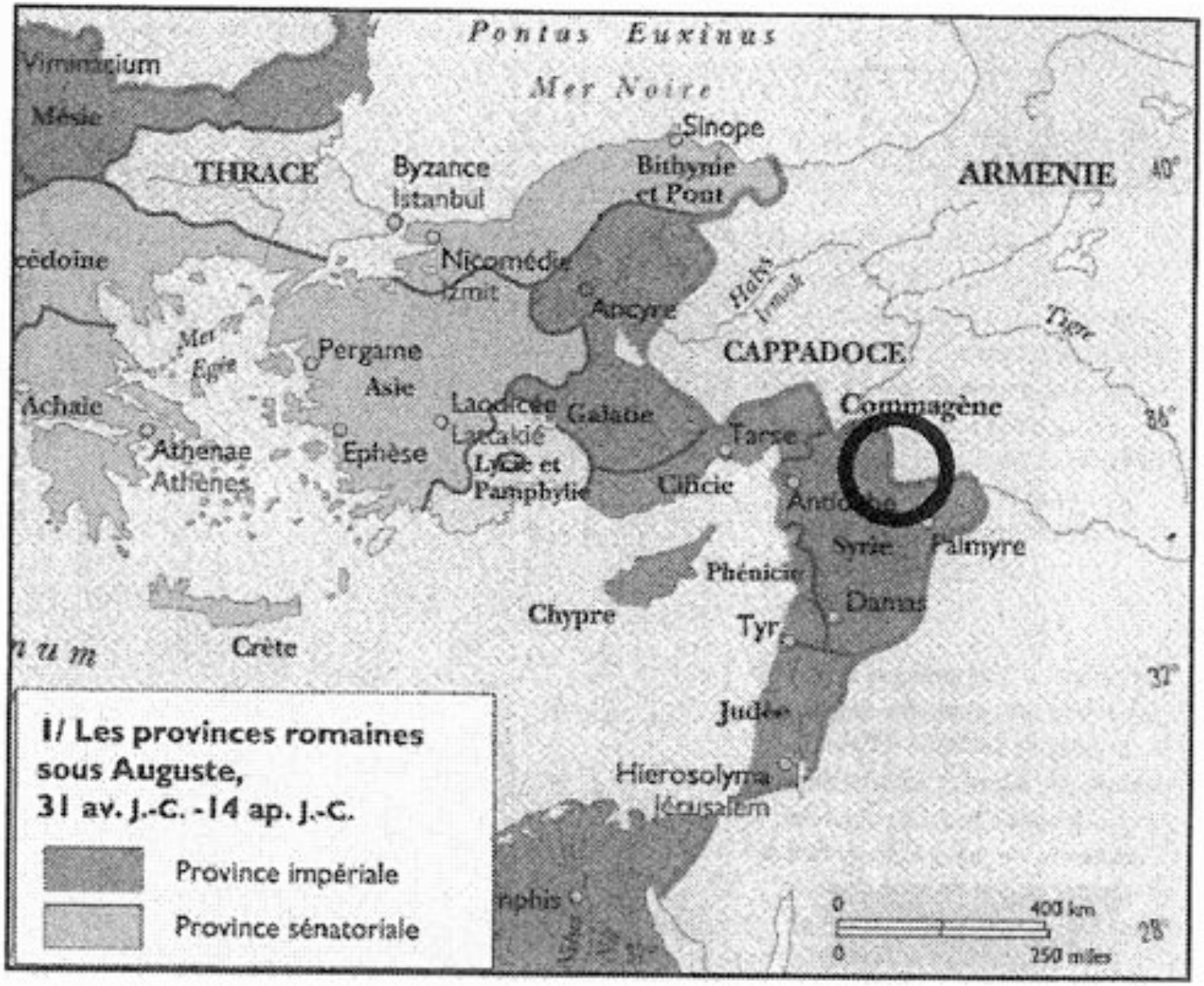
Map 0.30—Map of the three major linguistic systems in the Near East, after Sellier 2002.



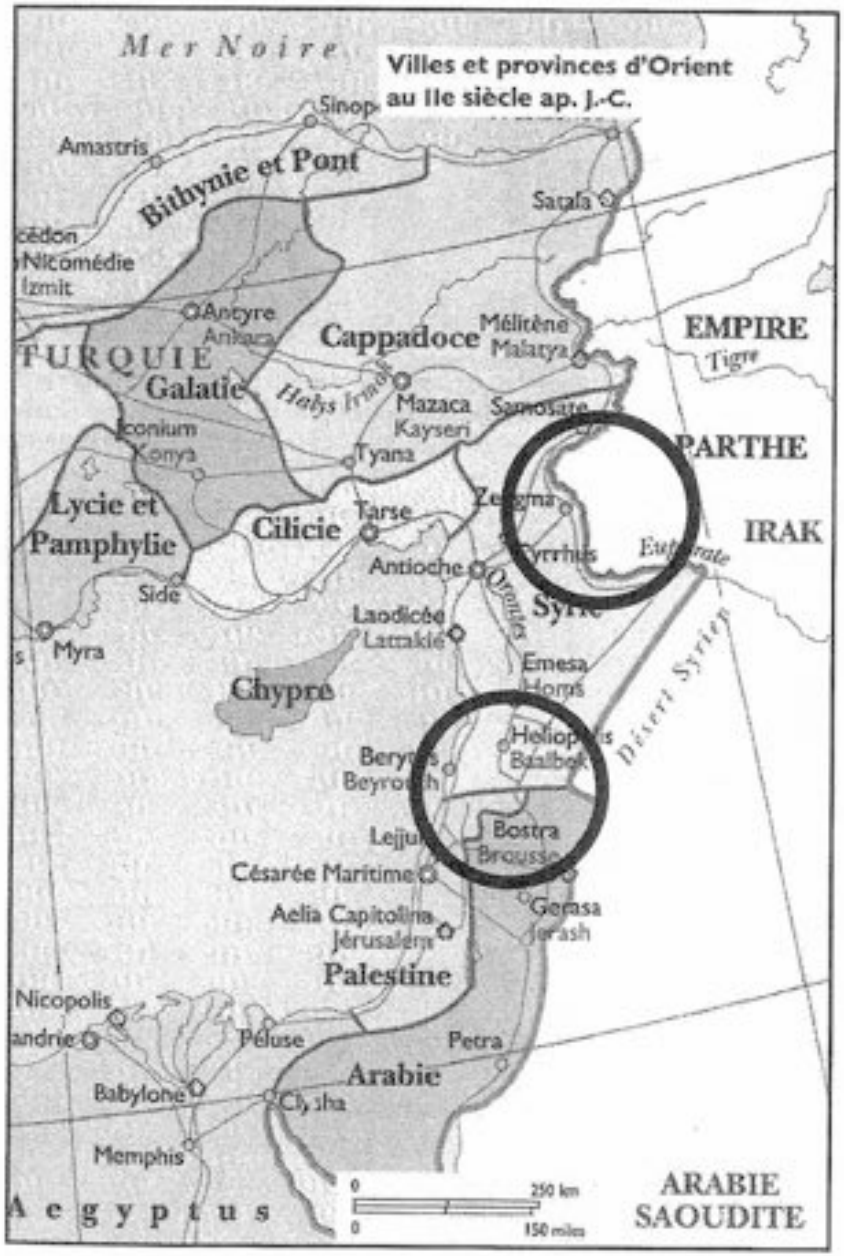
Map 0.31—The borders in the Near East around the second millennium B.C., after Margueron and Pfirsch 1996.



Map 0.32—The borders between three of the Hellenistic kingdoms, after Morkot 1999.



Map 0.33—The Eastern part of the Roman domination under Augustus, after Scarre 1995.

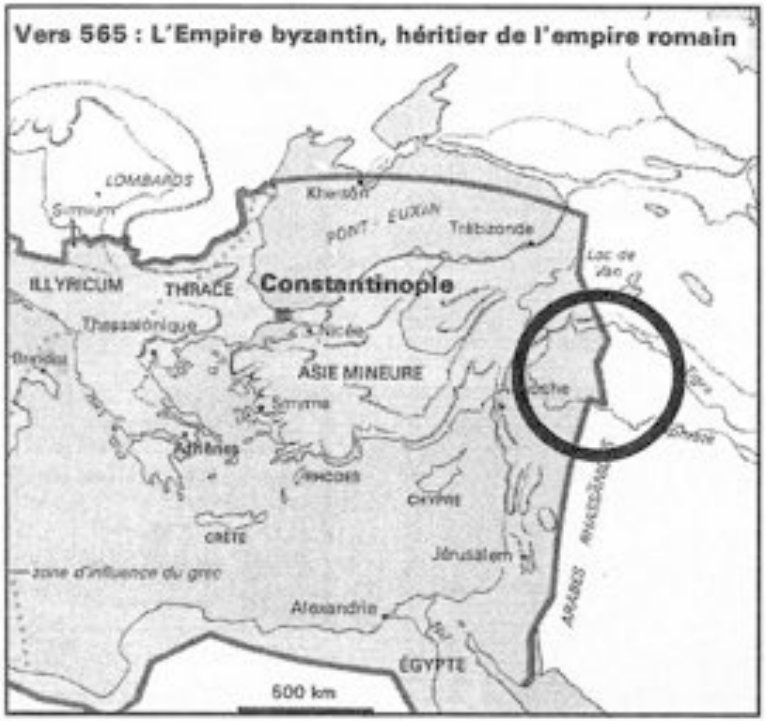


Map 0.34—The Eastern part of the Roman Empire (2d Cent. A.D.), after Scarre 1995.

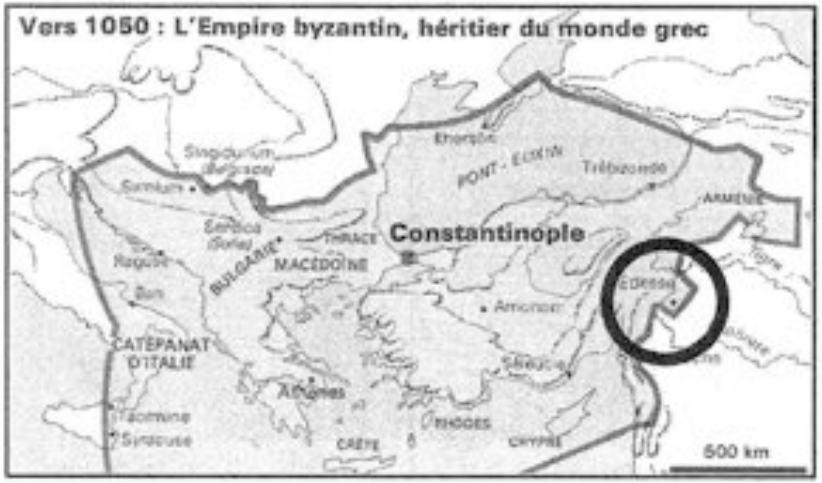
a.

b.

Map 0.35 a and b—The Eastern border of the Roman Empire, during the Parthian and Sassanian Empires, after GHW 1978.

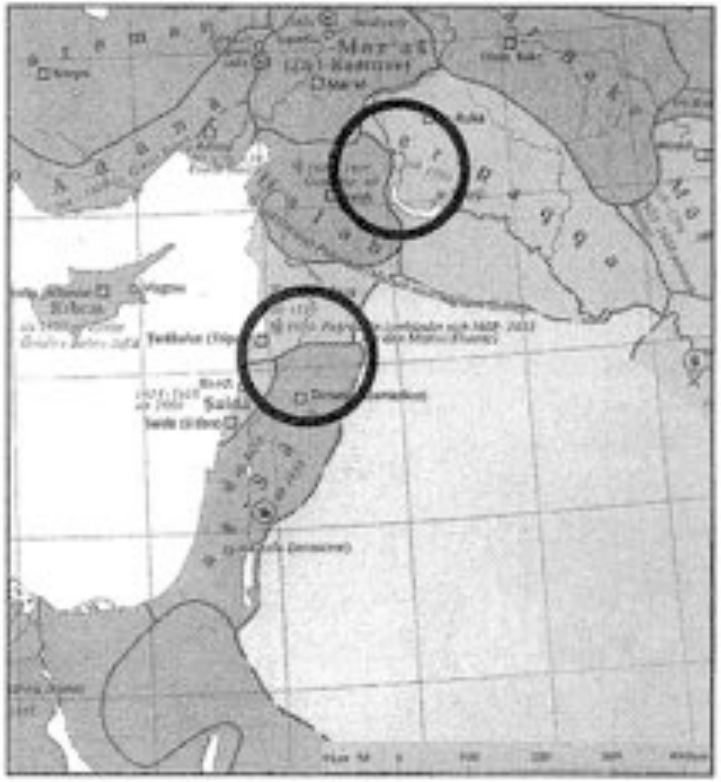


Map 0.36—The Eastern border of the Byzantine Empire around 565 A.D., after Atlas Hachette, 1987.

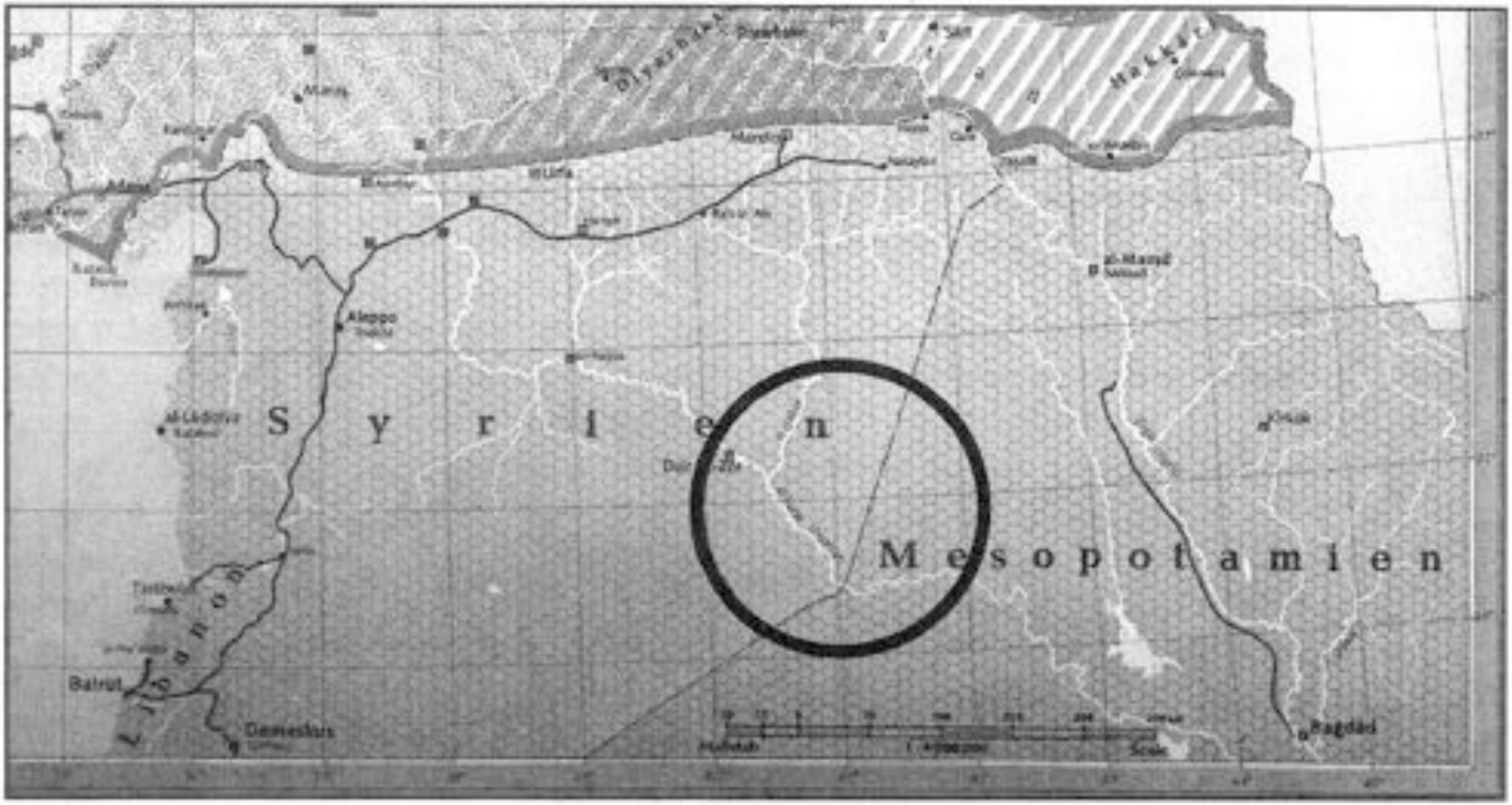


Map 0.37—The Eastern border of the Byzantine Empire around 1050 A.D., after Atlas Hachette, 1987.

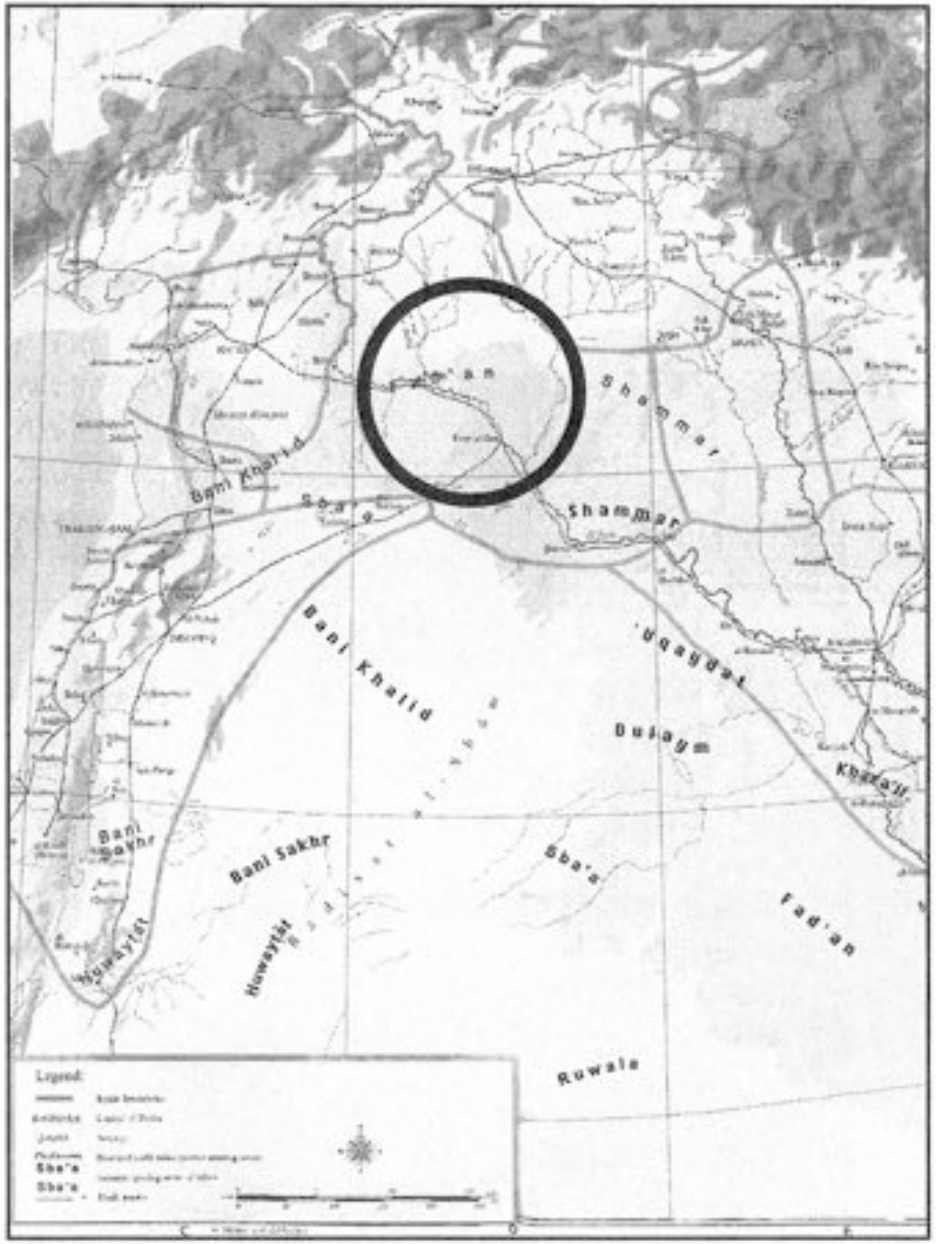
Map 0.38—The North-Eastern border of the Ayyubid Sultanate around 1200 A.D., after TAVO, map B VIII 1.



Map 0.39—The Western limit of the Timurid conquest in the beginning of the 15th Cent. A.D., after TAVO, map B VIII 19.



Map 0.40—The limits of the French and English Mandates around 1920 A.D., after TAVO, map B X 2.



Map 0.41—The "borders" between Beduine tribes in the 19th Cent. A.D., after Kennedy 2002.

Merci pour votre attention !